First Semester B.B.M.(N) Degree Examination, October/November 2019

(Revised New Scheme)

Management

QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS - I

Time: 3 Hours

[Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to Candidates: Answers should be written in English only.

SECTION - A

- Answer any TEN sub-questions from the following. Each sub-question carries 2 marks: (10 x 2 = 20)
 - (a) What do you mean by finite sets?
 - (b) Define square matrix.
 - (c) What do you mean by linear equation?
 - (d) What is a prime number? Give an example.

(e) If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 \\ 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. Find $A + B$.

- (f) What is ratio?
- (g) What do you mean by bankers gain?
- (h) What is compound interest?
- (i) Find the simple interest on Rs. 25,000 for 2 years 6 months at 12.5% p.a.
- (j) Find the value of 'X', 10:25:: X:30.
- (k) What is geometric progression?
- (l) What is a row matrix?



Answer any **THREE** questions from the following. Each question carries 5 marks: $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 2. Find the sum of all integers between 155 and 850 which are divisible by 6.
- 3. Solve formula method $3x^2 16x + 5 = 0$.



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- If 8th term and 20th term of an AP are 22 and 46 respectively, find the AP and hence 18th term.
- 5. On what sum of money will be the simple interest amount to Rs. 42 in 3½ years of 3% p.a.
- 6. Monthly incomes of Ram and Shyam are in the ratio of 4: 5 and their monthly expenses are in the ratio of 7: 9. Their savings are Rs. 800 and Rs. 600 respectively. Find out their incomes.

Answer any **THREE** questions from the following. Each question carries 15 marks: $(3 \times 15 = 45)$

7. (a) Solve for x and y:

$$x + 2y - 4 = 0$$

$$3x + y - 7 = 0$$

- (b) Find the difference between compound interest and simple interest on Rs. 6,000 for 5 years at 8% p.a.
- 8. (a) If $U = \{0, 3, 4, 5, 9, 8, 7, 1, 11\}$, $A = \{1, 5, 8, 7\}$, $B = \{3, 8, 11, 4\}$, $C = \{7, 180\}$. Find:

(ii)
$$A \cup B$$

(iii)
$$A \cup (B \cup C)'$$

(iv)
$$A \cap (B \cup C)'$$
.

(b) If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 2 & 5 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ find $A B \& B + A$.

- 9. (a) Solve the equation using Cramer's rule $\frac{2x+3y-1=0}{3x-y+2=0}$.
 - (b) If the sum of three terms of a GP is 14 and their product is 64. Find the numbers.

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- (a) Find present value, true discount, bankers discount and bankers gain on a bill of Rs. 10,500 due for 9 months at 12% p.a.
 - (b) Two quantities are in the ratio 3: 4 and if 10 is subtracted from each of them the reminders are in the ratio of 1: 3. What are the two quantilities?
- 11. (a) Find X, if $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & X & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$.
 - (b) A man borrowed Rs. 62,500 from a bank. After 2 years he paid Rs. 67,600 in full settlement of his debt. Find the rate off compound interest.

